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FP OF RESIDERAL CURROL E D ENGRLMANN.

## ATTORNEY AT LAW

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was laid in the United States the past year, the smallest amount recorded

rears, an Indiana woman has recovered the faculty of speech. She will have lots to tell her husband now, and he will receive the universal commisera-

THE snow is seven feet deep a few hundred miles south of Tacoma. It must keep the roses and cabbages secured and after adopting a rule fix-hustling to grow stalk long enough to get out into the sunshine, as the coast people say they do.

ASSISTANT GENERAL THOMAS, of the ounterfeit money violate the "green goods act," and therefore incur the eighteen months.

Sour fellow, ambitious to shine as a practical joker, inserted an advertisement in a Chicago newspaper offering

which would have created a wide-spread ensation a few years ago, has excited

Ir is generally supposed that the Brooklyn bridge has the longest single span (1,505 feet) in the world, but there are several much longer; two in the bridge in the Frith of Forth are each 1,700 feet in length, and that over Oxus has a span of 2,004 feet. The pro-posed Hoboken bridge will have a single span of 2,850 feet.

NAVIGATION of the great lakes during the season of 1893 resulted in the loss of 125 lives. The number of vessels lost was fifty-three, with an aggregate tonnage of 24,258, and valued at \$1,040,-400. Partial losses by strandings, colisions and fires bring the total up to \$2,112,588. The shallow waters of Lake Eric claimed nearly half the lives lost, Lake Huron being second.

will be news to a great many who are ignorant of the fact that anybody wanted Choluteca. The capture was made by Gen. Policarpo Bonilla, at the time Vasquez was held at bay near Guscaran by Gen. Herradora. A march on Tegucigalpa will be made

In December last 11,262 immigrants were landed in New York, and Italy took the lead with 3,784, Germany fol-E. D. ENGELMANN, lowed with 1,821, and Russia came next with 1,492, and Hungary next with with 1,492, and Hungary next with 155. Of the whole crowd 5,259 brought \$75,612,635, the lowest gold reserve ever more than \$50 each and the aggregate reached. money brought was \$166,778, Italians \$54,026; Russians, \$15,191; French, \$13,-084; Swedes, \$9,541; Austrians, \$8,539; Hungarians, \$8,224; Danes, \$6,155; Irish,

> many cases of insanity. Almost every day the newspapers contain reports of crimes committed by both men and women while laboring under mental aberration caused by the disease, which this year appears to have taken a stronger hold upon the mental faculties than heretofore. The physician who shall discover a specific for this disorder may be assured of a lasting monument in the hearts of the people of the whole

THE National Mary Washington Monument association has made an appeal for funds to complete the monume gun fifty years ago to the memory of the mother of Washington. The shaft has home at Fredericksburg, Va., but it and the plot of ground are in a ruinous condition, and \$15,000 is asked for A specialty and work guaranteed first-class. to be contributed by the women of ADOLPH LIST, America, to carry-out the desires that this work shall be done exclusively through the liberality of women

MASSACRUSETTS has nine ex-gover-Boutwell, elected in 1850. He was the oungest man ever elected to the office. The next of the surviving ex-governors is Nathaniel P. Banks, elected in 1857. Claffin, William Gaston, Alexander H. Rice, John D. Long, George D. Robinson, Oliver Ames and John Q. A. Brackett. William E. Russell will soon be added to the list. Since Mr. Boutwell's election eight ex-governors have bross all kinds of work in his line, and guar-antees all work done.

Office at residence, corner Harmony and viving ex-governors—Cornell, Clevedied. New York has only three sur-

A CHICAGO man secured a divorce on blindfolded and wedded to a woman he had never seen. He parted from her on the day after the marriage, and it appears that she was as anxious for the separation as he. Under the circumtances the court thought it proper to sever the ties that bound a rejuctant groom to an equally reluctant bride. Their friends propose to introduce them to each other, in the hope that an affection may spring up between them. If they had thought of this ex pedient before the marriage, the divorce

roceedings might have been avoided. THE highest court in Holland has handed down a decision directly con-trary to the law as interpreted in this etry. Criminal action was brought against a man for kissing a young womn against her will. The final decision that "to kiss a person is not an offense, as it is in the nature of a mark of sympathy." Doubtless many will agree with this opinion, but the majority will cling to the good old-fashioned belief that kissing should go only by favor. This is the view of courts in the United States, and fines ranging from

one dollar up to the thousands have been imposed for infractions of the rule. A STATISTICIAN has figured it all ou divided into families of five could all odated in Texas, each fau fly with a five-acre let and have lots left ver for parks and football fields

Epitome of the Week. INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

### FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS,

Regular Session.

MONDAY, Jan 8.— In the senate he Hawaiian question was discussed lution declaring against American in- and had both legs cut off. jected to. In the house a quorum was in gold coin in a head of cabbage he ured and after adopting a rule fix- had bought at his grocer's.

TUESDAY, Jan. 9.— In the senate Carroll Power, custodian of the Linpost office department, has ruled that the house bill for the repeal of the coln monument at Springfield, Ill., parties sending through the mails for federal elections law was brought up, since its dedication in 1893. but action was postponed till Monday, next. In the house Mr. Wilson (Va.) wife murderer, near Mitchell, Ind.

IN a hand-car accident near Woodpenalty of a fine of not more than \$500 finished his speech in favor of the tariff and imprisonment for not more than bill and Mr. Burrows (Mich.) spoke ward, Ala., three men were killed and bill and Mr. Burrows (Mich.) spoke
against the measure. In the house a
favorable report was made on the resolution offered by Mr. Boutelle (Me.)
calling upon the secretary of the navy
to inform the house by what authority
instructions were issued placing the
conditions were insued to the conditions were insued to the conditions were insued to the conditions were insued to the conditions were insued and
one fatally hurt.

At the capitol in Des Moines Frank
D. Jackson was inaugurated governor
of lowa. Simplicity marked the proconditions were insued to the conditions were insued to the conditions with the capitol in Des Moines Frank
D. Jackson was inaugurated governor
of lowa. Simplicity marked the proconditions were insued to the conditions were insued to the co instructions were issued placing the naval forces under the orders of Minister Blount, and to furnish copies of all Stevens and Silas Wilson and fatally

senatorial investigation was discussed, sensation a few years ago, mas cased little comment, so easily have our people become accustomed to this mode of and Mr. Johnson (dem., 0.) attacked the democrats for the timid manner in the democrats for the timid manner in but no action we taken. In the house hanged for the murder of an abandoned

the tariff. THURSDAY, Jan. 11.-In the senate the Hawaiian matter was further discussed and the minority report of the committee on privileges and elections on the bill to repeal the federal election laws was presented. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the tariff bill. Speeches were limited to one hour and many members

took part in the debate. Fmday, Jan. 12 - In the senate the greater part of the session was devoted to executive business. The nomination of Mr. Preston to be direct-or of the mint was confirmed. Ad-journed to the 15th. In the house a resolutione alling upon the president for all information in his possession touching recent reported events in the Haand temporarily laid on the table. The Chicago to the Flowery kingdom. tariff bill was further discussed.

soon, and if this, too, is captured, Poli-carpo Bonilla will declare the Nicar-wheat, 1,619,000,000 bushels of corn, carpo Bonilla will declare the Nicar-aguan revolution off and proof readers wheat, 1,619,000,000 bushels of corn, bushels of rye, 69,869,495 bushels of barley, 12,132,311 bushels of buckwheat, i83,634,265 bushels of potatoes, 483,023,963 nounds of tobacco and 65,-766,158 tons of hay. Os the 9th the net treasury balance

oging the most, \$45,981; Germans, production of the world at nearly \$150,-000,000 for the year 1893.

THE secretary of the treasury will be compelled to issue bonds under the law of 1875 unless congress enacts new leg-At the leading clearing houses in the

week ended on the 12th aggregated \$1,006,181,451, against \$990,800,551 the previous week. The decrease, com-1893, was 21.6.

In the United States there were 474 ended on the 12th, against 511 the week previous and 285 in the corresponding time in 1893.

ness outlook was said to be improving

THE EAST. In New Jersey rival senates were or pocsession and were recognized by the covernor, but the house recognized the

wife and eldest daughter fatally while tary Hawaiian correspondence to con-JOHN L. SULLIVAN was knocked out

in a Buffalo hotel by his wife with an joint resolution authorizing Gen. O. O. Indian club. He was unconscious for Howard to accept from the president Is state convention at Harrisburg, D. Hancock, of Franklin, for congress-

man at large. THE firm of C. Schapffin & Co., Plain-WILLIAM WALKER and his brother nel and Ezra Baer, their brother in-law, were crushed to death under a mass of stone at Somersel, Pa.
FLAMES in the car shops of the Erie

Railroad company at Jersey City, N. J., caused a loss of \$100,000. A roution of a drawbridge between Brooklyn and Long Island City gave water, and seven were known to have been drowned.

In Baltimore harbor five British sailors and a ferryman were drowned by the swamping of their boat. WEST AND SOUTH.

would not stand a test in court. NEAR Grinnell, In., six men were injured in a train wreck caused by a car breaking in two.
At Louisville the Mingo Mountain

\$100,000. Gor. Waite's message, which the senate having filled the vacancy.

THE Central Labor union of Chicago declined to print. A coat dock in Jacksonville, Fla., at the request of the police, decided collapsed, killing three men and fatal-

An order, known as the Ancient Order of Loyal Americans, was formed at Lausing, Mich. The members are required to labor against any foreign insence in the affairs of the nation, 818 were general merchandise and \$6, either political or religious, to break down trusts and to promote liberty. None but native-born Americans er which the order is to be instituted in all the various states of the union. In San Francisco the midwinter fair

will be formally opened on Saturday, THE long established firm of W. T. Beek & Co., commission merchants in San Francisco, failed for \$750,050. requirements of the 25-per-cent. rule.

Five masked men held up a fast train ear St. Joe. Mo., and looted the express and mail cars. A large sum was

FLAMES in the McShane bell foundry in Baltimore destroyed patterns valued at \$200,000, together with \$15,000 worth

of machinery.
At Wellsville, Knn., Charles Benand Senator Frye (Me.) made an at-tempt to secure a vote on his reso-baseball club, was run over by a train A MAN at Elmwood, Ind., found \$85

and Mr. Wilson (Va.) spoke in support

Illinnicker.

The death was announced of John

The death was announced of the Lin-

Eight hundred applied on the morning of the day on which the advertisement appeared, only to find that they had been cruelly hoaxed. Such jokes are the reverse of funny.

In a val forces under the copies of all orders or suggestions issued by himself or any officer of the navy since March 4, 1813, concerning the naval forces at the Hawaiian islands.

Wennessay, Jan. 10.—In the senate force of the copies of all orders or suggestions issued by himself injuring John Wilson.

At Indianapolis the appellate court decided that Sunday theaters could not be operated in Indiana.

Geomas Burners, after a continuous force of the copies of all orders or suggestions issued by himself injuring John Wilson.

At Indianapolis the appellate court decided that Sunday theaters could not be operated in Indiana.

have been cremated at Boston in compliance with her own request made shortly before her death. The incident, moral or physical interference in Hawaii pending the conclusion of the been married. In St. Louis Samuel Welsor was

oman. He admitted the killing. Fire destroyed three elevators and a which they had handled the tariff question and charged them with covarilie all along the line. We have the line of ardice all along the line. Mr. Dalzell (dem., Pa.) made a speech in defense of used to carry off the plunder. used to carry off the plunder.

THE French exhibitors at the world's fair now state that their losses by the recent fire on the grounds will amount to over \$80,000. NEGROES entered the home of Fredcrick Benny, a farmer living near St. Louis, fataily wounded Benny, who is

over 70 years old, and his wife, aged 63, secured \$300 and fled. A non took Roscoe Parker, a 16-yearold negro, from juil at West Union, O., and banged him for the murder of Rit Rhine and his wife, an aged couple.

Ox account of domestic troubles Ed Lewis, a young carpenter in Cincinnati, shot and killed his wife and then took his own life.

THE blenched bones of over twentyeight Chinese, packed in a tin box, her-metically scaled, were shipped from A SOUTH-BOUND train on the Missouri Pacific road was fired into by robbers FOR 1693 the government crop report did not stop

THE demands of Minister Willis to with by President Dole, of Hawaii, Dumso a gale the British bark Colleen, of Glasgow, was wrecked on the rocks near Bally Cotton and ten of the crew, including the captain, were

troops and dervishes at Kassala, Afri- turn home. TREASURY officials estimate the gold ca, the latter left 4,000 dead upon the and all his emirs. Ar Charlottenburg, Germany, the

great mill works were burned by anarchists, the loss being 400,000 marks. The insurgents killed 500 of the government troops in a battle in the state United States the exchanges during the of Sao Paulo, Brazil, and captured the remainder. .

VALLANT, the anarchist who threw the bomo in the French chamber of deppared with the corresponding week in aties in Paris, was found guilty and sentenced to death. "Provision At." has been dropped and

business failures in the seven days the Hawaiian government now stands as an independent sovereignty. The danger was believed to be past, and if any royalist uprising was attempted it A SEVERE earthquake shock lasting

ten seconds was felt at Godeboute and several other places in Canada. THE French chamber of deputies reelected M. Dupuy as president.

### LATER NEWS.

THE senate was not in session on the Ix Buffalo William H. Curtiss, once a 13th ..... In the house the president's well-to-do real estate dealer, shot his message transmitting the supplemengress was received and referred to the committee on foreign affairs. The Howard to accept from the president of the French republic the decoration of a commander of the national order the democrats nominated James of the Legion of Honor was passed lancock, of Franklin, for congress- without objection.

JUDGE BRADLEY, of Washington, on the application of Judge Long, of geld (N. J.) clothing manufacturers, Michigan, for a mandamus to restrain assigned, with fiabilities of \$179,548. pending the payment of the applicant's pension, has decided in favor of the applicant on the ground that one comto reopen a pension case that has once been legally adjudicated by his predecessor, except in cases where fraud is

THE weekly statement of the asso way, throwing sixty persons into the cinted banks of New York for the week ended on the 13th showed the following changes: Reserve, increase, \$877,025 loans, decrease, \$622,200; specie, in-\$3,904,000; deposits, increase, \$9,389,100; circulation, decrease, \$66,900.

The Louisiana anti-lottery law was said to have been found defective and Cleveland (O.) Electric Railway Co. were burned Saturday morning. The fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin. Eighteen motors and twelve trailers were consumed; loss, estimated at \$60,000.

AT Louisville the Mingo and Associate Justice Drawns, or Coal & Coke company went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of eighth circuit, has re-appointed Eugene G. Hays United States attorney THE Colorado legislature met in ex-tra session at Denver and listened to having expired and the president not

> presented thier petition for work to the city on the night of the 15th. IMPORTS, exclusive of specie, at the port of New York for the week ended on 13th were \$9,128,200, of which \$2,428, 699,382 dry goods. It is said that Capt. Wilson and his

entire party, who were annihilated by ces of King Lobengula beyo MR. AND Mrs. GLADSTONE left their on the 13th, en route to Biarritz, On the 13th the New York associated

banks held \$22,583,675 in excess of the

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

From Washington. NEW POSTHASTERS. Pocahoutas, Cape Girardena county, J. C. Thompson, vice Peter Lehner, resigned. Rome, Bonglas county, A. R. Turaer, vice F. M. Richards, remoced.

Thrush, Henry country, Annie L. Thrush, vice T. H. Thrush, resigned. Forest Home, Lawrence country, Margery J. Abston, vice Adda P. Gill, resigned.

Auston, vice Adda P. Gill, resigna-1 Stewart, Pemiscot county, R. L. Coker, vice T. F. De Lancy, resigned. Westfork, Reynolds county, A. G. Gibson, Vice B. A. Troutman, resigned. Zincite, Jasper county, W. J. Leffen, vice W. C. Koehler, removed. CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.

NOMINATED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Washington special Globe Democrat.
Gen. Joe Shelby, of Missouri, finds himself very much at home in Washington. W. H. Selden, proprietor of the Metropolitas butler, which is the stopping place of many southern. Grs. served under the Missouri cavalry leader, and has taken possession of him. The Missouri members, with the exception of Morgan, who was a Union soldier, and one or two others, were against Shelpy when he was put forward for marshal. They raised a question of babits against the sturdy old veteran. There was an outburst of indimant remonstrances from western Missouri at the insulface objection. Every member of the delegation has fallen into line, and it appears now that Gen. Shelby will get the marshalship without opposition. GEN. SHELBY AND THE MARSHALSHIP.

## There is a lively fight on for postmas-

ter of St. Louis. Col. Jim Carlisle and Col. Estill McHenry ar rivals for the position. Cal McHenry was as-sistant postmaster during Cleveland's former administration, and Cal Carlisle is now re-McHeary seems to be somewhat amused at the articles in one of the St. Louis papers which alludes to Carlisle as a leading Meth-odist. "Why," he said, "my grandfather was one of the saints of that church. He used was one of the saints of that church. He used to preach with one hand and hold his scalp on with the other in the old Isdian times. His old lible, from which he took his texts over a century ago, was one of the sacred cariosities of the World's fair at Chicago in the Kentucky state house. Pm not only a good Methodist, but a good Presbyterian, a good Baptist and a good Cutholic, and I say it with reverence. I am a good everything, and withal a democrat, without a lucid interval.

Fifty Years in the Ministry.

The Episcopal convention at Moberly was quite interesting.

Rev. Father Gay, of Bevier, who has reached the age of 84, was in altendance, and celebrated his affilieth anniversary in the ministry. He delivered a most excellent and impressive address. After Father Gay's remarks lishop Tuttle, of St. Louis, paid his respects to the aged minister in a few chosen words. The bishop later addressed the convention, giving the clercy advice as to parachial work. Rev. Akins, of Macon City, with his choir of thirty-five toys and girls, under the direction of Prof. Blees, extertained the analience. St. Agness Guild of Moherly, gave a reception to the choir. ly was quite interesting. Guild of Moberly, gave a rethe church.

Miss Florence Conkwright, only daughter of Dr. A. H. Conkwright, and The demands of Minister Willis to
Joseph G. Cox, son of a prosperous
farmer, cloped from Sedalia. The parties to the contract are cousins, and

the alliance is at variance with the statutes made and provided in this state, but they reeated to the Indian territory, where the sorse of true love is thought to run smoother DURING a battle between the Italian | parental Hessings await the couple on their re-

A fire occurred at Bismarck, in which the Bismarck roller mills and elevator, belonging to A. D. Boss, and five dwelling houses were burned. There

were about 8,000 lumbels of wheat is barrels of flour in the mill. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Benne and their hired man were brutally as saulted and their farmhouse plundered four negroes one-half mile south of

Florissant, St. Louis county. Mrs. Beane is not expected to live. The negroes secured \$300. A Bold Robbery. A masked man, pistol in hand, en-Niehans in St. Louis and compeled

to hand over six gold watches reported to be worth \$200. The thief escaped. An Embezzier Arrested. United States Marshal Hastell arrested, at Cleveland, O., J. A. Mack, alias Jos. F. Morgan, who about six months ago embezzled between \$14,-800 and \$15,000 from the American na-

tional bank, of Kansas City. Hydrophobia in its most horrible ormattacked little Mand Davis in St. Louis, and she died. She was bitten on the left hand by a pet dog two years ago.

Thomas Green, a young man sent from Pike county to the penitentiary for five years for forging 35 cents, ha In the Hands of au Assigner

The Springfield zoological gardens,

established at an expense of \$75,000, have gone into the hands of an assignee. Pebts, \$15,000. Robbed of Her Savings. Mrs. Isabel Sleightholm, of Kansas City, was murderously assaulted and robbed of \$475, the results of years of

saving, by a negro. For Europe. Louis the other day for Europe, via New Orleans. Low water is preventing large shipments.

St. Louis were destroyed by fire the other night. The loss will aggregate Missouri Dairymen The Missouri Dairymen's association held an interesting session at Carroll ton, and discussed practical manage

Large Hominy Mills Barned.

Geo. M. Flanagan's hominy mills in

Burglars Make a Haul. Burglars entered the store of Tyler Bros. at Arrow Rock, Saline co and secured \$4,900 in money and value Idle Convicts

Warden Pace is much concerned as to what to do with all the idle convicts in the penitentiary, of whom there are DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

A Distinct Inprovement in Business Noticeable Since the Opening of the New Year-Exhausted Stocks Being Repten-ished by the Resumption of Producing Industries-Speculative Markets Irregu-lar and Rallroad Stocks Still Declining-

New York, Jan. 13.-R. G. Dan & Co.'s weekly review of trade, issued to-

day says! uess has distinctly improved since the new year came, and the gain is no longer visi-ble only in speculative markets. It is the only kind of improvement that has in it possibili-ties of insting, because it is based upon an actual increase in the projection of industries As all rejoice to see it, there is perhaps a little As all rejoice to see it, there is perhaps a little disposition to reckon the gain greater than it is as yet, but several large establishments have started part force hoping to increase, and more smaller works have started than have stopped. Orders from dealers whose stocks approach exhaustion form a prominent cause: another is the widely prevalent impression that action at Washington will be more satisfactory than many have expected, and a satisfactory than many have expected, and to belief that in any case the situation will not be changed until goods now in the works can be marketed has weight in some trades. What-ever the causes, even a moderate gain is most

ever the causes, even a moderate gain is most cheering.

The output of pig iron January I is reckoned by the Iron Age at 9,007 tons weekly, which is slightly less than December I, though the Pittsburgh authority makes it a little larger. In either case it is from 4 to 41 per cent less than a year ago, and stocks of unsold pig increased 19,437 tons in December, though they decreased as much in November. Several more furnaces begin production this month, and prices show no recovery. Indeed, the Lowmoor works of Virginia have reduced the price of No. 1 foundry to 13 per ton, and finished products are weaker, steel billets and hars again making the lowest price on record, though the tone is more hopeful both here and at the West, with a little more business. Copper, the and lead are weak.

Sales of wool for the week are 2.78,70 pounds at the three chief markets, against 5,45,550 last year, but there is more inquiry from worsted and carpet manufacturers, some having started machinery.

Overcoatings are 10 to 15 per cent lower than a year are, but the elliveries of dress goods.

nts of boots and shoes for the week sere nearly a quarter smaller than a year ago, but there is growing confidence that the

business must soon increase.

Speculative markets are irregular, railroad stocks having declined every day a little, though but 30 cents per share in all, the chief cause being reduced carnings, the passing of the Louisville & Nashville dividend and foreign selling of that and the granger stocks.

Trust stocks, averaged, higher every day unit right selling of that not the granger shocks. Trust stocks averaged higher every day until Wethesslay, and are still 30 cents higher for the week. Earnings reported for January thus far show a decline of 21.1 per cent., and of the last week of December 15.5 per cent., wettern lines averaging more and southern less decrease. The heariest tonnage ever recorded from Chicago is at raises which result in no increase in earnings.

Stocks in sight decrease but little, and govern-ment estimates get little attention. Corn is naturally weaker at very large re-ceipts, though exports are 6) per cent. larger than a year ago. Cotton has been lifted by speculation three-sixteenths, though the decrease in receipts is

no larger, and stocks in sight here and abroa Hank clearings also indicate that no large ss, being 21 per cent smaller than a year ago es to pour into this city, as it has risen 2 cents in a fortnight, and some look for gold experts again. Sales of stocks turn the balance, though foreign houses are offering

The condition of the ireasury causes much remark as the cash reservo is lower than ever, and New York banks have agreed to defer indefinitely demanding from the treasury about \$5,000,000 due on mutilated currency. Though the secretary carnesily urges provision for the future, congress has not yet touched the subject and with the great stock of gold here, the situation is less serious than it would be otherwise.

BLAND'S COINAGE BILL.

To be Favorably Reported to the House by the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures Its Provisions. WASHINGTON, Jan. 13 .- The hous committee on coinage, weights and measures has ordered a favorable re-port on the Bland bill, providing for e coinage of the silver

held in the treasury. The vote was 3 to 8-strictly silver and anti-silver. The bill provides that the secretary of the treasury shall immediately issue silver certificates against the scignion age silver, amounting to \$55,156,681, which shall be immediately available for the payment of current government expenses, and that the seigniage silver issued shall be coined as fast at pessible into dollars, to be held in

the treasury for the redemption of the The second section provides that the rescainder of the silver bullion pur-chased under the Sherman act shall be coined as fast as practicable and the dellars shall be held for the redemption of treasury notes issued for its purchase. The certificates are to be anceled as fast as the silver is coined for redemption and silver certificate

may be issued on such coin. Mr. Bland will report the bill at the earliest possible moment, the commit tee being privileged in that respect.

Serious Charges, Affecting the Judiciary SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.-Seriou charges, affecting members of the local judiciary, have been filed in the su preme court. It is alleged that the case of Mary Fletcher Ryer vs. estate of Dr. Lashington Ryer, the deceased millionaire, was transferred from the department to which it had been assigned to a department presided over by Judge Levy, in violation of the rules, and that such transfer is calculated to de

for the purpose of fraud. Guards Doubled Around Valliant's Prison -- Slim Hopes for the Prisoner. Paris, Jan. 13.-The guards at La

Requette, the prison to which the con-demned bomb-thrower Vaillant has been transferred from the conciergerie have been doubled, owing to the fact that threatening letters have been re ceived by the governor of the prison. The Soleil says several members of opinion that it is impossible for them to approach President Carnot to ask for a commutation of Vaillant's sen tence, as it would appear their motive in proffering the request was fearDOWN WITH THE BRIDGE.

Sixty Persons Thrown from a Collapsed Draw Into the Waters of Newton Creek on Long Island—A Terrible Struggle for Life Among the Hroken Timbers—Five Men Missing and Supposed to be Lost— To the Persons

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Jan. 18 .-About sixty men were thrown in New-ton creek last night by the collapse of a section of a temporary drawbridge over the creek connecting Bardley avenue, at Laurel Hill, with Meeker avenue, Brooklyn. Just how many men were drowned cannot as yet be deter-

The following were on the bridge at the time and have not been seen since:

Patrick Briody. H. Marckey. George Mills. Michael McCurky.

James Smith. They were all employes of the Lau-rel Hill chemical works, Mills being a foreman there. Timothy Gannon ios Eckford street, Brooklyn, was brought to St. John's hospital, this city. One of his feet was badly city. One of his feet was badly crushed, and he was cut about the head. The section of the bridge that fell was a draw, thirty feet long. It was built of wood, and rested on the center abutment, from which point another section continued on the Brooklyn side. The draw on the Brooklyn side was open. It was low tide, and a tug was trying to force a schooner through the draw. It was a few minntes before 6 o'clock, when the bridge was crowded with men from near-by factories anxious to get to their homes in Brooklyn. Suddenly there was a cracking of timbers, and the draw broke in two. The men made an ef-fort to get off, but the jam on the shore end of the bridge prevented

their making their escape.

They fell into the water in a heap. and then commenced a wild struggle for life. Some climbed on to the wrecked draw, while others sought safety in swimming for the shore. A passing tug picked up a number and landed them on the Brooklyn side, where they were attended by surgeons from Brooklyn hospitals.

The work of rescue was a difficult one, as there were no small boats at hand. Ropes were thrown out to some of the men, and they were hauled ashore in that manner. During the work of rescue there were some lively scenes in the water. Men struggled with each other in their frenzy to es cape. Some were hauled under water and nearly drowned by those whom they were trying to assist Thomas Dobbins, of Meeker avenue

Brooklyn, reached the scene in a row boat in time to save four men who were on the point of sinking. The captain of the schooner rescued over a zen men. He got away before his name or that of his vessel could be After striking the water the draw broke into two parts, and in an instant both were covered with men. Some

namaged to climb up clear of the wa

heads above water. It took considera-

ble time to get all the men ashore. As fast as they were landed they were to Toner's Pennybridge hotel and filled up with stimulants. tell how they got there. The wrecked people draw had not been used in three

weeks, owing to pile drivers working Bridgekeeper Daniel Hickey was or the Laurel Hill side when the accident occurred. He said it was due to the overcrowding of the bridge. He said that he had frequently warned the men not to crowd on the bridge, as it was dangerous to do so, but they warnings. He could not account for the draw breaking in the center as it was made of heavy timber, calcu lated to hold almost any weight. Mr. Hickey does not believe that anyone was drowned. He said that the water was only nine feet deep at the time and as the men fell into the water must have escaped. Several of the ey saw at least five men sink, and did not see them come surface again. William Fagin and Pat McNamara, of Meeker avenue, Brooklyn, both had narrow escapes They do not know how they got as and say they came near drowning. The search for bodies was kept up till

### a late hour but none were recovered.

STILL AT LARGE. No Immediate Prospect of the Capture of Sherman Waggoner. MITCHELL, Ind., Jan. 13.-Sherman Waggoner, the Martin county murderer, is still at large, and a tele gram yesterday from Shoals says that there is no immediate prospect of his capture. He is armed with two re-volvers and a repeating rifle, and he is supposed to be in hiding in the hills. Waggoner was accused of causing the death of one or more of his children, and his wife prosecuted him for bru-tality. She then left him and returned to her father's house. Waggoner lowed and deliberately fell he dragged her several yards to make sure that life was extinct, after which he went to the home of his par ents and boasted of what he had done. His father advised him to rapid flight to escape lynching. Before leaving he said that he would never be taken

Horrible Double Tragedy. CINCINNATI, Jan. 13 .- Ed Lewis, young carpenter, and his wife have been leading an unhappy domestic life in two rear rooms on the third floor of a tenement house at 309 west Sixth street. Thursday Mrs. Lewis had her. As she was leaving home for the police court with a neighbor the two women were confronted by Lewis at the bottom of the stairs. He was livid with rage. Seizing his wife by the throat he pressed a revolver against her temple and fired. As she fell he fired nd shot through his own brain.

Want the Law Against Using Oleomar, garine Enforced.

New York, Jan. 13.-The mercantile exchange yesterday adopted a resolu-tion calling upon Gov. Flower to withhold the state appropriations from charitable and penal institutions where leomargarine is used in place of butter. A law was passed last winter pro hibiting public institutions, hospitals etc., receiving state aid from using Mr. Van Valkenburg stated that the

principal consumers of oleomargarine in the state are the public, charitable and penal institutions-

TARIFF AT THE SOUTH. An Interview on the Subject with Gov. McKiniey—Needs of the Old and New South—The Industrial Methods that An-swered Thirty Years Ago Will Not Serve New Conditions.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 15 .- The Louisville Commercial, to-day publishes the following interview with Gov. Me-Kinley, given a reporter who went to Columbus to ask the governors's views on the tariff question as affecting the

"Gov. McKinley, will you tell me what the Wilson bill means to the south?" asked the Commercial's repre-

"The Wilson bill," said the governor, "is the assertion of the policy of the old south, and an utter disregard of the policy of the new south, with its new conditions. It is returning to what Buchanan left us. I don't be-

lieve any southerner wants to go back "The same industrial methods that answered thirty years ago will not serve now, and just so the legislation of thirty years ago does not meet the requirements of the south of to-day. But," said the governor, with great earnestness, "this is not a sectional question. It is not a question of north and south; it is a question of patriotism, and a question of enlightened self-interest, of national and individual prosperity. The south needs protec-tion just as the north needs it, but it is even more important to the south, just now, than to any other section, because of the natural conditions existing there. Its natural resources are just the encouragement of the same pro-tective system that has stimulated the growth of our northern and eastern

"The act of 1890 was just to the south. It was a recognition of the in-dustrial activity of the preceding ten years in the south, and the results in this section under the operation of the protective tariff of this act, have justi-fied the hopes of the framers of the bill. The southern states did not help to make the majority in congress that passed that bill, but the protective system is founded upon a national policy and the interests of the south were as carefully protected as those of

any northern republican state "There were people who said: 'Let the Louisiana sugar industry go.' Rut we said: 'No; we will take off the duty, but we will give them a bounty that will be equivalent to the protec-tion of the duty.' We had to introduce, practically, a new feature in our legislation, a bounty, and we did it for

the protection of the sugar industry of Louisiana and other states." "Governor," the reporter said, "tell and substituted the bounty?"

"Because the sugar duty was a revenue duty," was the prompt re-sponse; "and in a revenue duty, the consumer pays the tax. A small part of the sugar consumed in this country was produced here; we were paying, in the added cost of our sugar, \$56,000,-000 a year that we did not need over revenues, and we thought it better to save this to the consumers, give the Many of the rescued had close calls, and for a long time after they were brought ashore they were unable to "There are some points," continued the governor, "that have been covered

> kept too prominently before the people now, when they are all thinking with such terrible earnestness on this subject of the tariff. It is claimed that the low tariff period of 1846 to 1860, was one of prosperity. It is only necessary to keep the facts in mind. Show the artificial stimulus to values of war, famine abroad, and the discovery of gold, and then look at the tions were restored under this same

> "This is no time for the discussion of this question from a partisan stand-point. It is not a time for theories, but for work and wages. The people of this country are face to face with the problem of preserving their prop-erty, of having work that will furnish them the means of support. "One phase of the question is that of

try too well paid?
"I do not think that the condition of American labor is too high for the nat-ural conditions of this country. I "The better paid the labor, the bet-ter our civilizations. The best Amer-ican citizen is the man who is getting

work; who has the comforts and re-

"Are the laboring men of this coun-

the interests of American labor

that the best results are to be obtained "I do not believe that the wages of against any policy which proposes to reduce them. There is nothing in the free-trade promise that the increased of foreign-made goods will increase the demand for American labor or give steadier employment to our people. You can't buy abroad and still make the same articles in the same quantity at home, and if you don't make them at home you won't employ

labor at home. "The southern people have the facts before them and they are doing their own thinking and will reach their

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Comptroller Bowler of the treasury department has rendered an opinion in which he holds that the secretary of the treasury has final discretion over expenditrol. In effect this permits the exassemble in April next, to be met out of the appropriation by congress. also decides, where money has been wrongfully paid out of one appropria-tion which is properly chargeable to another, it can now be transferred and

all matters righted. Yellow Fever Increasing in Buenos Ayres.

London, Jan. 15 .- A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says:
"Advices from Rio Janeiro are to the
effect that yellow fever in that city is increasing and many death a being' re-

ported daily.

"Capt. W. M. Lang of the British cruiser Sirius has been recognized by the commanders of the foreign war ships at Rio Janeiro as the senior officer of the squadrons. The honor was proffered to the captain of the French cruiser Magon, but he declined to ac-